

D.6.4 Visitor Passes

1. Authorized personnel or sponsored visitors without an approved identification card desiring to enter a Navy installation will be required to obtain a visitor's pass. Sponsored visitors must be verified with the sponsor.
2. Authorized or sponsored visitors desiring to enter a Navy installation that require a visitor's pass shall:
 - a. Show a valid driver's license and vehicle registration certificate/rental vehicle agreement.
 - b. Fill out a log that include names, home address, destination, make and model of vehicle, license plate number, sponsor, time of arrival, and estimated time of departure.
3. A debarment list shall be prepared by the installation SJA, provided to the security department and shall be checked prior to the issuance of a visitor pass.
4. All visitor's passes shall be strictly controlled. Unused passes will be securely stored to prevent theft.

D.6.5 Unauthorized Pedestrian or Vehicle

Whenever possible, use barriers to channel, slow, and physically stop the vehicle until it can be cleared to enter. Each ECP must contain the specific, preplanned response that the sentry will execute. The decision to authorize the use of deadly force will be influenced by the following:

1. The justifications for deadly force as detailed in the rules for the use of deadly force.
2. The conspicuousness of the warning to stop.
3. The potential targets protected by the ECP, such as sensitivity, classification, and operational importance of the area, as well as the nature of the potential targets inside (e.g., high-ranking personnel and large-occupancy buildings).
4. Latest threat warning and current FPCON.
5. The number of, and means by which the suspect negotiated, the obstacles or barriers protecting the ECP.
6. Any indications that the vehicle poses a specific threat capability (e.g., visible explosives or symbols, visible weapons, type of vehicle, and HAZMAT symbols).
7. Indications of intent, such as evident duress or nervousness of suspect(s), threatening statements, clothing (e.g., hoods, masks, body armor, explosive vests).

No sentry (unless operating under the ROE/RUF that state otherwise) shall engage a driver or vehicle with weapons fire unless the sentry determines that conditions of extreme necessity exist and he is justified in using deadly force as described in SECNAVINST 5500.29 (series), Use of Deadly Force and the Carrying of Firearms by Personnel of the Department of the Navy in Conjunction with Law Enforcement, Security Duties, and Personal Protection.

Note

When the decision to use deadly force is made, direct fire at tires, engine, windshield, and driver. Depending on the circumstances, these decisions are not made in any particular order.